

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory



Draft RFP Comment Workshop

DOE Source Evaluation Board October 28, 2004



Agenda

•	Registration	8:30 a.m.
•	Welcome	9:00 a.m.
•	Purpose	9:10 a.m.
•	Introduction of SEB & Schedule	9:15 a.m.
•	Programs & Facilities	9:30 a.m.
•	Draft RFP Highlights	10:00 a.m.
•	Break	10:30 a.m.
•	Comments/Questions & Answers (Previously Submitted)	10:45 a.m.
•	Lunch Break	11:30 a.m.
•	Comments/Questions & Answers (Received at Workshop)	1:00 p.m.



Purpose

Solicit Comments on Draft RFP



Schedule

Draft RFP Released

Comment Workshop

Comment Period Closes

RFP Released

Preproposal Conference/Site Tour

Proposals Due

Oral Presentations

Award

Transition Period Begins

• Transition Complete

Full Responsibility for LBNL

October 15, 2004

October 28, 2004

November 15, 2004

December, 2004

~2 weeks after RFP release

45 days after RFP release

~2 weeks after proposals received

~45 days after proposals received

Date of Award

NLT 60 days after Award

CO notifies Transition complete



Source Selection Official

Marvin E. Gunn, Jr.



Board Members

- Chairperson
- Technical Member
- Procurement Member
- Legal Advisor
- Executive Secretary

Steven A. Silbergleid

Jeffrey B. Roberts

John K. Adachi

Noelle F. Metting

William S. Millman

Joseph P. Krupa

Ronnie L. Dawson

Patrick M. Burke

Tonja L. Stokes



LBNL Programs and Facilities Overview



Outline

- 1. Introduction to the Laboratory
- 2. Major Programs and Sponsors
- 3. Alignment with DOE Strategic Plans
- 4. Site and Facilities Overview

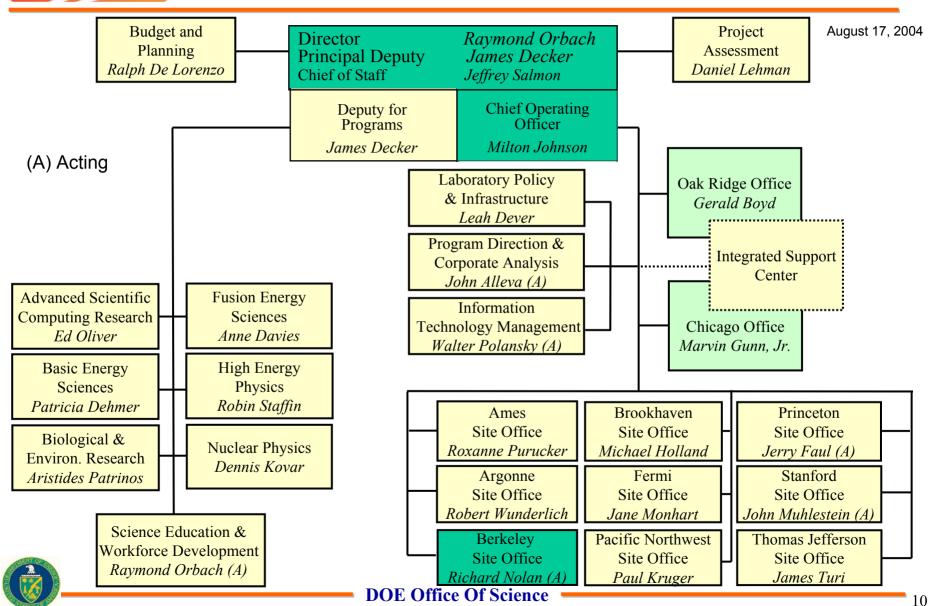


1. Introduction to LBNL

- Office of Science Organization
- Line Management Authority
- Mission
- Budget
- Site Population
- Site Overview
- User Facilities
- Research Diversification and Evolution

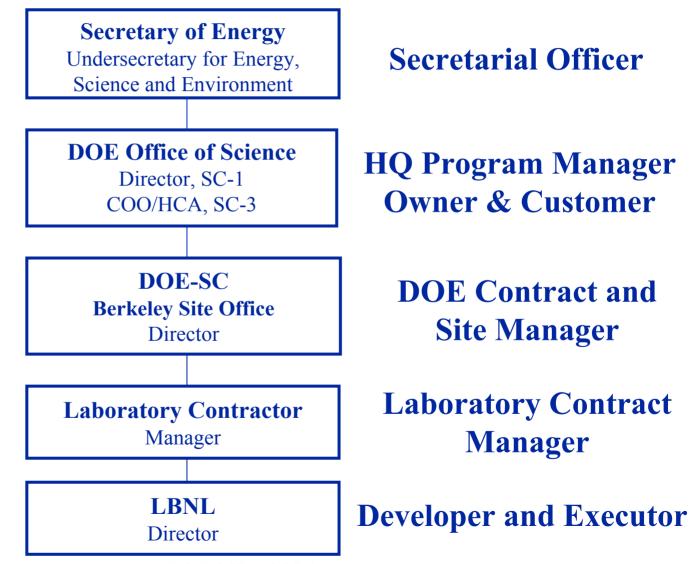


OFFICE OF SCIENCE ORGANIZATION





Line Management Authority





LBNL's Mission

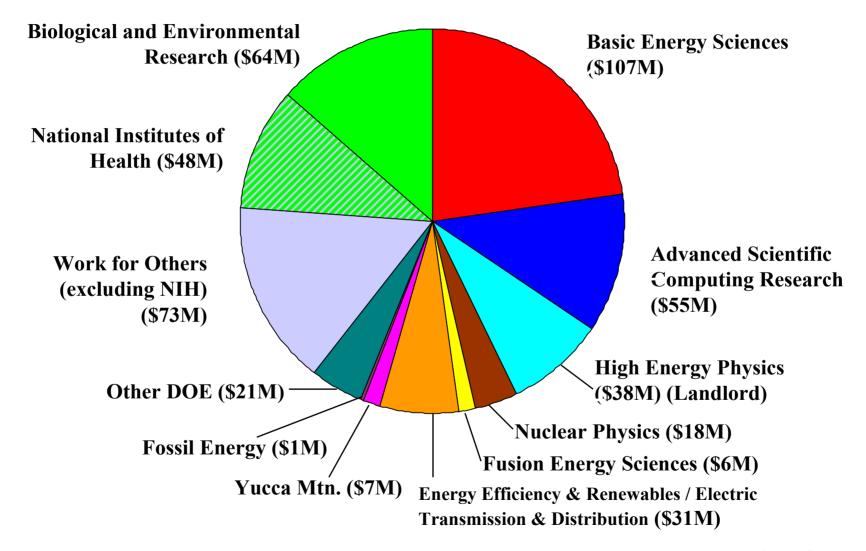
- 1. Perform world leading multidisciplinary scientific research
 - Fundamental research
 - Energy and environmental research and development
- 2. Develop and operate unique, national experimental facilities
- 3. Educate and train future generations of scientists and engineers
- 4. Collaborate with other research institutions, universities and industry, and transfer knowledge and technological innovation

There is no classified work or information at LBNL



FY2005 LBNL Budget - \$469M

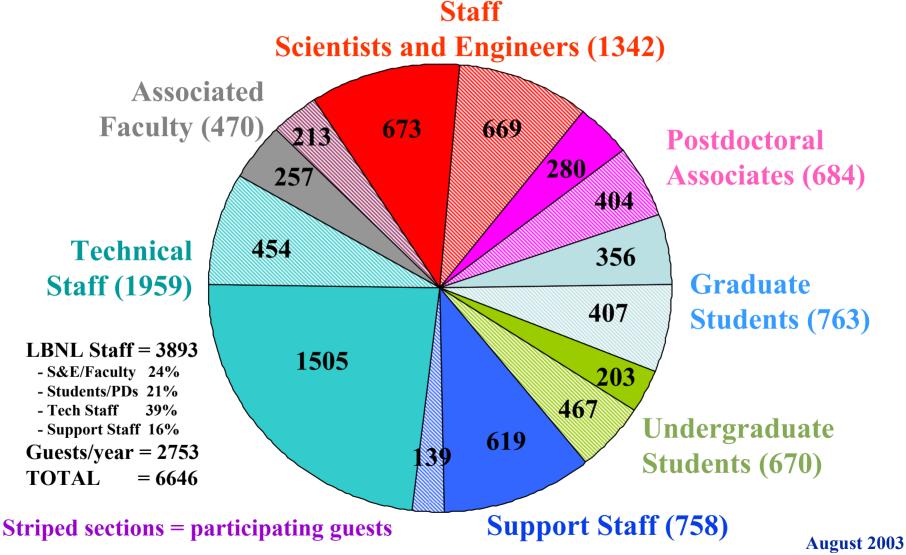
(President's OMB Request + WFO Projections)



CR Projection: Oct 2004



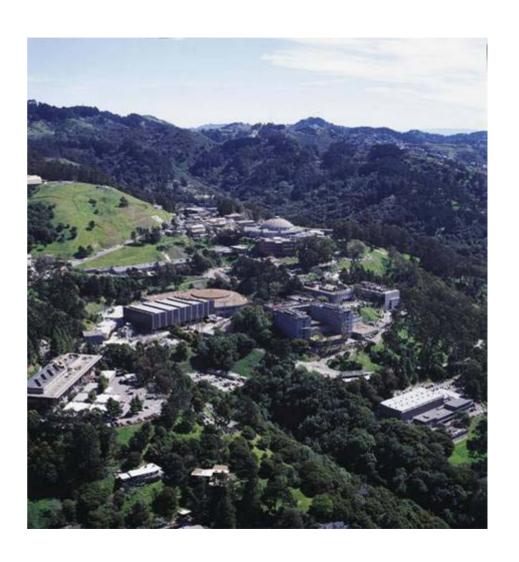
LBNL Staff & Guests





LBNL Main Site Overview

- Founded in 1931 @ UCB;
 moved to Hill site in 1940
- Main site is ~200 acres, 1.77 Mgsf
- ~110 buildings + ~86 trailers & structures
- Avg. facility age ~ 38 years
- Offsite: 0.08 Mnsf @ UCB + 0.4 Mgsf leased
- Total Building Area ~ 2.25 Mgsf
- UC owns the land; DOE owns the Lab
- Replacement Plant value:
 - ~ \$920M (official), ~\$604M (draft revised)
- Equipment value ~ \$465M
- Average Daily Population ~4300





LBNL User Facilities



Advanced Light Source (~1800 users)



National Energy Research Supercomputer Center Oakland, CA (>2000 users)



National Center for Electron Microscopy (~240 users)



Molecular Foundry, c.2006-07

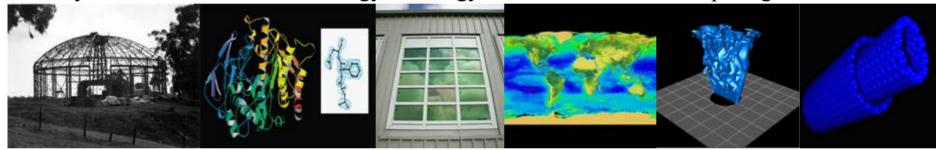


LBNL Research Diversification & Evolution

Research: Multi-program → Inter-disciplinary

Programs: 1940-50s 1970s 1990s 2000s

Physics -- Chem/Mat'ls -- Biology -- Energy & Environment -- Computing -- Nanoscience



Team Science / Collaborations:

Laboratory →



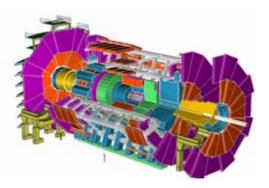
Bevatron 1954

National →



SNS Front-end (ORNL) RHIC STAR (BNL)

International



LHC ATLAS (CERN)



2. Major Programs & Sponsors

SCIENCE Programs

- Basic Energy Sciences (BES)
 - Molecular Foundry Project
- Biological and Environmental Research (BER)
- Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR)
- High Energy Physics (HEP)
- Nuclear Physics (NP)
- Fusion Energy Sciences (FES)

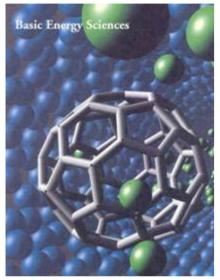
ENERGY Programs

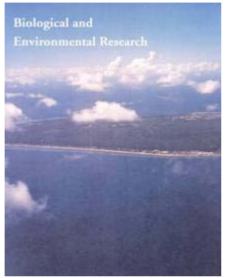
- Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)
- Electric Transmission and Distribution (TD)
- Civilian Radioactive Waste Management (RW)
- Fossil Energy (FE)

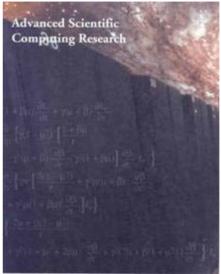
Work For Others (WFO)



DOE Science Programs

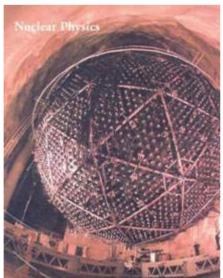


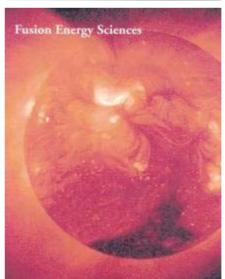


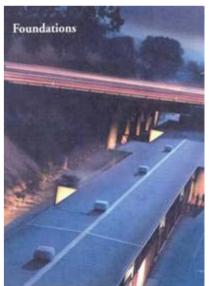


LBNL
Performs
Work
For All
Science
Programs







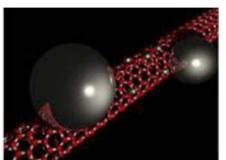


DOE Office Of Science

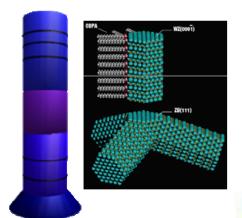


Basic Energy Sciences

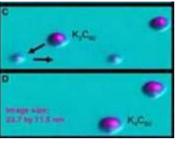
Material Sciences



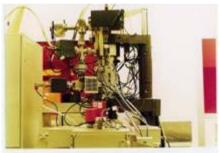
Nanotube Atom Transport



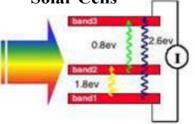
TEAM Aberrationcorrected Microscope



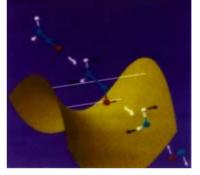
Single Molecule Doping



High Efficiency Solar Cells



Chemical Sciences



Combustion Reaction Surface



Heavy Element Chemistry

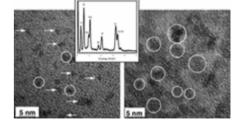
Nanowriter (Center for X-ray Optics)

Liquid Microjet Spectroscopy



Geosciences





Subsurface Nanoparticle Transport

<u>User Facilities</u>: Advanced Light Source, National Center for Electron Microscopy



The Molecular Foundry

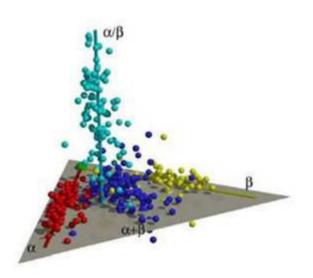
World-class user facility for nanometer scale synthesis, fabrication, processing, characterization and theory



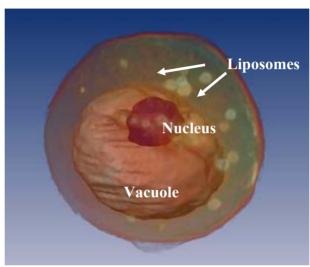
- Six story building ~89,000 gsf (labs, offices, clean room, conference space)
- TPC ~\$83.7M including ~\$15.0M capital equipment
- Under construction; completion by Dec. 2006



Biological and Environmental Research



Protenomics (Structure-Function)



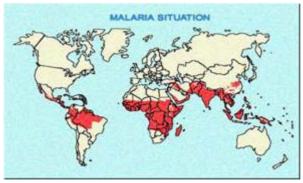
Cellular Biology (X-ray Tomography)



Environmental Measurement (Ocean Carbon Cycle)



Genomics (Poplar Tree)



Medical Applications (e.g., broadly affordable drugs)



Iron Mountain, CA Superfund Site

Environmental Remediation

DOE Office Of Science



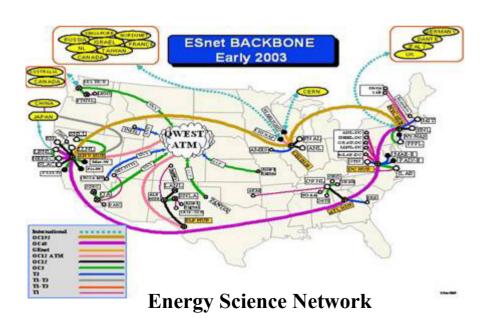
Scientific Computing Research



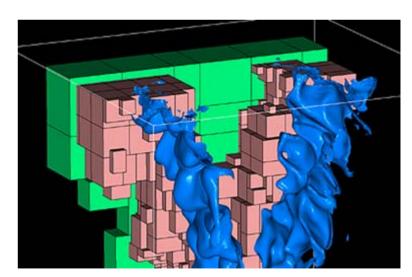
National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center



NERSC IBM SP RS/6000 "Seaborg"



High Performance Storage System



Computational Research



High Energy Physics

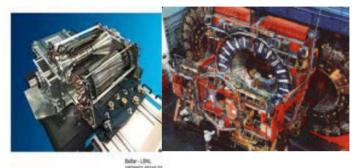
Accelerator-based Programs

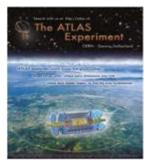
(Detectors & Experimental Collaborations):

SLAC B Factory (BaBar),

Fermilab Tevatron (CDF, D0),

CERN LHC (ATLAS), ...

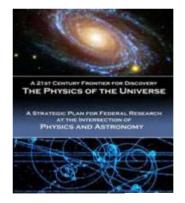


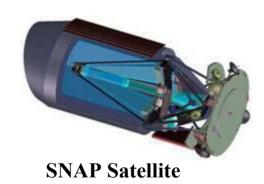


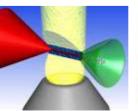
BaBar Detector Collider Detector Large Hadron Collider

Astrophysics: Cosmic Microwave Background, Dark Energy, Dark Matter, ...

Technology R&D: Laser Acceleration, Microsystem Lab, CCDs, ...











DOE Office Of Science



Nuclear Physics

Low Energy Nuclear Science

- 88-Inch Cyclotron
- GRETINA (Next Generation Gamma Detector)
- VENUS (Prototype Ion Source for RIA)
- Berkeley Accelerator Space Effects Facility

Case 1



GRETINA

88-Inch Cyclotron

Neutrino Studies

- SNO (solar) & KamLAND (reactor)
- DUSEL (proposed National Underground Lab)



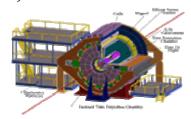
Sudbury Neutrino Observatory - Ontario



KamLAND - Japan

Relativistic Nuclear Collisions

- STAR, STAR Micro Vertex Detector, ALICE at LHC



Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC (STAR)



STAR Vertex Detector



Fusion Energy Sciences

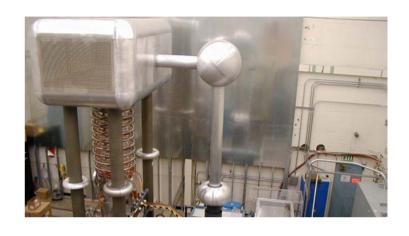
Heavy-Ion Fusion Virtual National Laboratory (HIF-VNL) collaboration of LBNL, LLNL, PPPL

Developing heavy-ion accelerators for igniting inertial-fusion targets for energy production

Experiments are testing space-charge dominated beam generation, transport and manipulation at driver-relevant scales



High Current Experiment



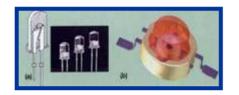
500 KV Facility Compact Injector



Neutralized Transport Experiment and Final Focus

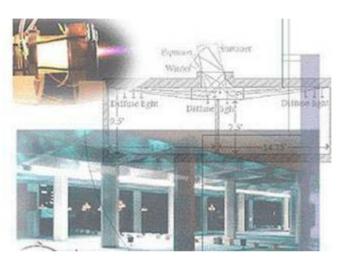


Energy Programs





Solid State Lighting (LED, OLED)



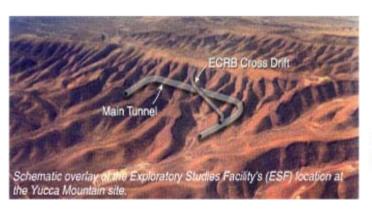
Building Simulations, Design Codes, Materials, Technologies & Environment



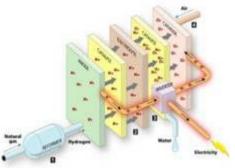
Electrochemistry for Advanced Batteries and Fuel Cells



Carbon Sequestration & Management



Yucca Mountain Project Geoscience





Work For Others

FY04 WFO funding ~\$118M (~22% of LBNL total)

Major Sponsors and Research area examples:

<u>NIH (~38% of WFO)</u>:

- Systems biology to understand cancer and DNA repair
- Protein crystallography and Biomedical imaging
- Comparative genomics and gene therapy studies
- Cellular senescence and aging
- Radio-nuclides & pharmaceuticals, NMR

NASA (~7%):

- CMB anisotropy and supernovae research & analysis
- Space radiation effects on human biology
- Remote sensing, microgravity combustion, aerogels

EPA (~3%):

- Pollutant and contaminant plume transport
- Energy & emissions analysis, projections, mitigation
- Building energy efficiency software and website

DOD & DHS (~12% of WFO):

- Breast cancer research and treatment
- Biomolecular engineering for sensors
- E-beam and maskless microlithography
- Chemical & biological transport in buildings
- High speed, wide-area network testbeds

Other (~40%):

- Advanced technologies for energy efficient buildings
- Electricity reliability; distributed power generation
- Int'l assistance energy efficient tech & stnds
- ALS x-ray crystallography beamlines & studies
- DNA sequencing of plants and plant pathogens
- Geothermal energy impacts of fluid injection
- Oil reservoir characterization & well monitoring
- Particle data program and educational materials



3. Alignment with DOE Strategic Plans

SC Strategic Plans: Facilities & Programs

LBNL Contributions to the SC Strategic Plan

LBNL SC Strategic Facilities Outlook



SC Strategic Plans

The Future of Science



The health and vitality of U.S. science and technology depends on the availability of the most advanced research facilities. The U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Science leads the world in the conception, design, construction, and operation of these large-scale devices. Facilities for the Future of Science: A Twenty-Year Outlook lists 28 new large scientific facilities and upgrades of current facilities that will define scientific opportunities across all fields of science supported by DOE over the next 20 years.



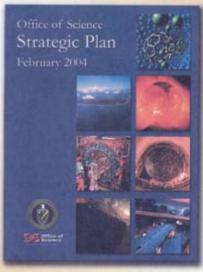
Facilities
for the Future
of Science
A Twenty-Year Cuttook

"These facilities and upgrades will revolutionize science—and society. They are needed to extend the frontiers of science, to pursue opportunities of enormous importance, and to maintain U.S. science primacy in the world. Investment in these facilities will yield extraordinary scientific breakthroughs—and vital societal and economic benefits."

Secretary of Energy Spencer Abraham



The Future of Science



"The Department of Energy's Office

ambitious agenda for science, one

that will lead us to a more secure

a healthler citizenry, and great

knowledge,"

advances in our imagination and

of Science Strategic Plan outlines an

energy future, a cleaner environment,

Dr. Raymond L. Orbach Director, DOE Office of Science The Department of Energy's Office of Science, the Nation's leading supporter of the physical sciences, is unveiling its 20-year vision for the future of science supported by DOE. The Office of Science Strategic Plan, produced after extensive consultations with the U.S. scientific community, sets concrete goals and priorities that will dramatically influence the direction of basic research in the U.S. for decades to come.

Our Goals

- Advance the Basic Sciences for Energy Independence
- · Harness the Power of Our Living World
- . Bring the Power of the Stars to Earth
- Explore the Fundamental Interactions of Energy, Matter, Time, and Space
- . Explore Nuclear Matter-from Quarks to Stars
- . Deliver Computing for the Frontiers of Science
- Provide the Resource Foundations that Enable Great Science

"Science and technology have never been more essential to the defense of the Nation and the health of our economy."

President George W. Bush

November 2003

February 2004



LBNL's Contributions to the SC Strategic Plan

SC Strategic Plan Element

)

LBNL Institutional Plan Element

Basic Research for Energy (BES)



X-ray science, Electron Microscopy, Geosciences Other: Electrochemistry for Batteries & Fuel Cells, Catalysis, Solid-state Lighting, Smart Windows



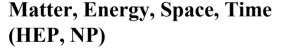


Joint Genomics Institute

Carbon sequestration (ocean, terrestrial, geologic)

Starpower on Earth (FES)

Heavy-Ion Fusion / High Energy Density Physics



Dark Energy (SNAP Satellite)

Neutrino physics, Nuclear structure (Gretina) Adv accelerator components & detectors



NERSC & ESnet

SciDAC, DOE Science Grid



Upgrades of ALS & NCEM

Center for Science & Engineering Education













LBNL SC Strategic Facilities Outlook

LBNL has capabilities to lead or contribute to 17 of the 28 Facilities in the SC Plan

• Facility Leads (6):

- # 3. HEP Joint Dark Energy Mission (JDEM)
- # 9. ASCR ESnet Upgrade
- #10. ASCR NERSC Upgrade
- #11. BES Transmission Electron Achromatic Microscope (TEAM)
- #23. BES Advanced Light Source (ALS) Upgrade
- #28. FES Integrated Beam Experiment (IBX)

• Facilities for Potential Contribution or to Compete to Lead (11)

- # 1. FES ITER (sc magnets, diagnostic neutral beams)
- # 2. ASCR Ultra-scale Computing
- # 6. NP Rare Isotope Accelerator (RIA)
- # 7. BER GTL #3 Characterization and Imaging
- #13. HEP Linear Collider
- #14. BER GTL #4 Analysis and Modeling of Cellular Systems
- #17. BER GTL #2 Whole Proteome Analysis
- #18. NP Double-Beta Decay Underground Detector
- #20. NP RHIC II
- #22. HEP Super Neutrino Beam
- #25. NP eRHIC

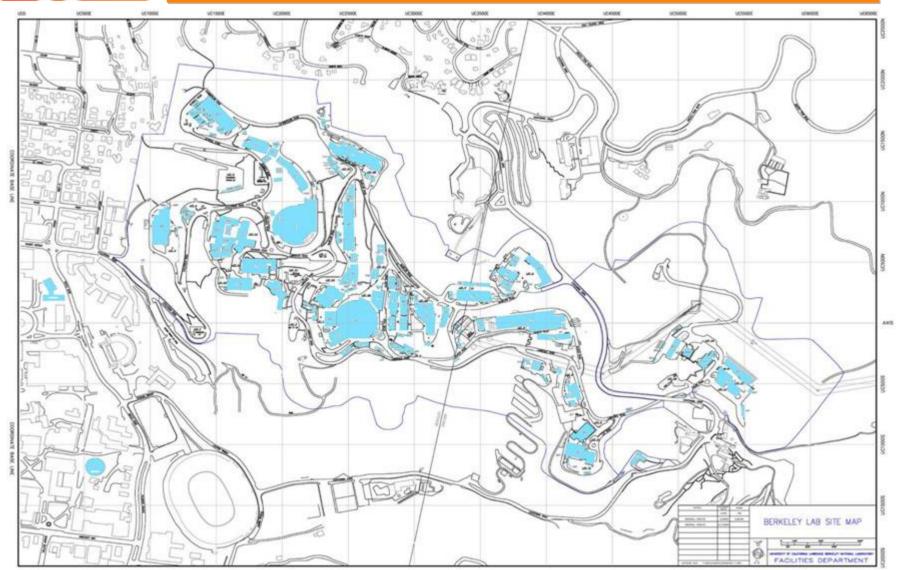


4. Site and Facilities Overview

- Main Site Map Hill site & UCB facilities
- Offsite Map Leased Facilities
- Main Site Land Leases Map
- Facilities Maintenance Outlook
- Current & Pending Infrastructure Projects

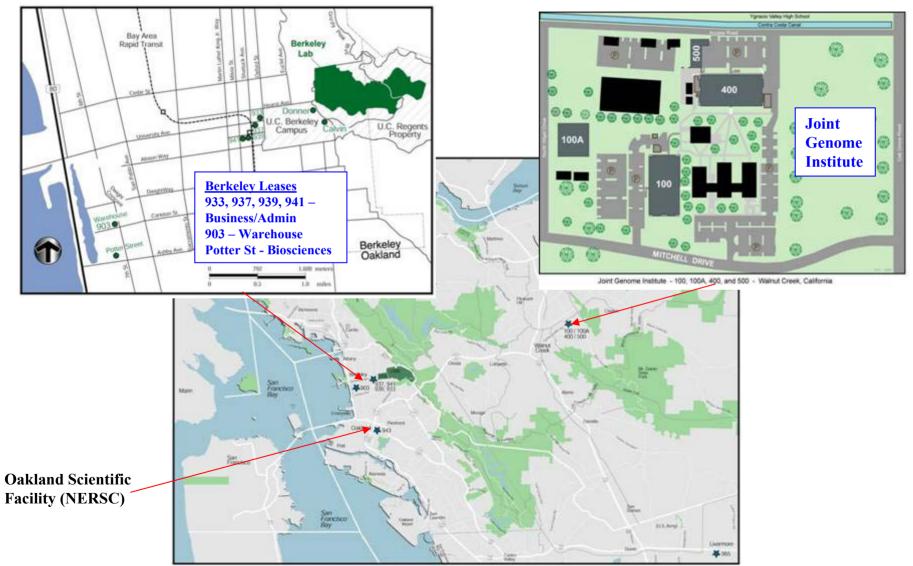


LBNL Site Map





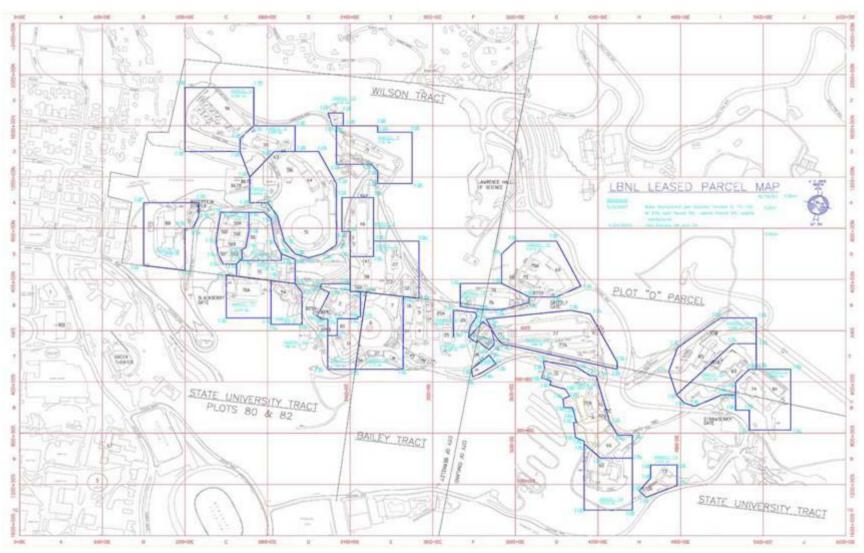
Offsite Leased Facilities Map



DOE Office Of Science



Land Leases Map





Facilities & Maintenance Outlook



- Avg. age of LBNL's nearly 200 buildings, trailers & structures is ~38 years
- Over 75% of LBNL building space (1.26 million gsf) is over 30 years old, and 48% (813,000 gsf) is over 40 years old
- Facility Condition Index:
 ~ 32% of Berkeley Lab's main site space is rated substandard (Poor or Fail)



FY06 Excess Facilities Project:

Project: Building 51 and Bevatron Demolition TEC: ~\$83M

Scope:

- Dismantling and removal of the Bevatron accelerator and shielding blocks, including their characterization as low-level waste, mixed waste, industrial landfill material, hazardous material/waste, scrap or salvageable material.
- Demolition of Building 51, including slab, foundations, and tunnels. If contamination (mercury or PCBs) or if induced radioactivity is found, the material will be characterized and appropriately dispositioned.



Project Status:

- CD-0 approved August 2004
- Conceptual Design Report (CDR) in progress



FY04 Science Laboratory Infrastructure Project:

Project: Bldg-77 (Eng Shop) Rehab Phase 2

Scope:

Upgrade mechanical, electrical, and architectural systems.

Mechanical and Electrical:

Upgrade HVAC systems in 77 and 77A.

AHU, Chillers, Boilers, Cooling Tower in 77.

Chillers and Cooling Tower in 77A.

Replace weld shop exhaust systems.

Install new exit lights, battery-powered emergency lights, and fire detection and alarm system.

New lighting in 77A.

New domestic water and compressed air in 77A.

New overhead material handling system in 77A.

Project Status:

- CD-1 approved October 2002
- External Independent Review May to July 2004
- CD-2 scheduled for October 2004







FY07 Science Laboratory Infrastructure Projects:

Project: User Support Building (USB)

TEC: \$21.5M

Scope:

- Provide modern research support space for visiting users.
- Analytical lab and office space for ~135 occupants and >2,000 scientific users/year. Includes a high bay space for assembly, shipping, receiving and storage.



Project Status:

- CD-0 approved April 2003
- Conceptual Design Report (CDR) completed June 2004
- CD-1 documentation being prepared



Science Laboratory Infrastructure Project:

Project: LBNL - Structural and Infrastructure Upgrade to Building 71 TEC: \$6.8-9.3M

MISSION NEED

- 2/3 of Building 71 personnel relocated due to seismic safety risks, exacerbating space shortage
- Reclaims space for future research, likely for Ion Beam Technology work located in "Old Town," WWII-era buildings planned for demolition.



Building 71



End view of SuperHILAC

SCOPE

- Remove remaining components of the SuperHILAC and its shielding (the primary source of seismic safety findings), and perform additional structural upgrades
- Complete the ES&H decontamination begun with Laboratory funds



Facilities & Infrastructure Projects - Seismic





Building 72



Building 74 Building 76



Project: LBNL - Seismic Conditions and Aging Infrastructure

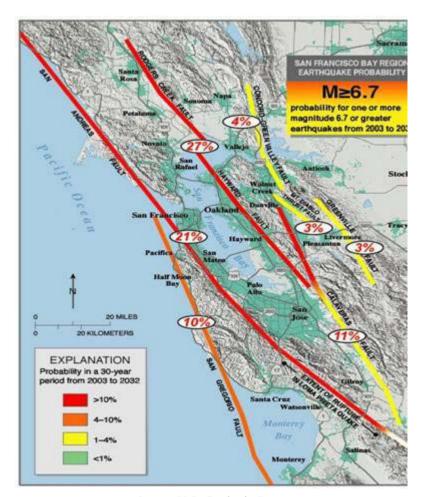
TEC: \$8.0-10.5M

MISSION NEED

- High life-safety risks in buildings 50, 72, 74 and 76.
- Over 600 occupants in 5 Divisions.
- Relocation of personnel precluded by space shortage.

SCOPE

- <u>Building 50</u>: Reduce high seismic demand capacity ratios in concrete spandrel beams and shear walls, reinforce a column supporting a discontinuous shear wall, and rehabilitate inadequately anchored non-structural elements.
- <u>Building 72</u>: Resolve an existing discontinuous roof diaphragm and provides for a complete load path for seismic forces.
- <u>Building 74</u>: Strengthen vertical bracing, eliminates an inadequate seismic gap, resolve diaphragm discontinuities and a discontinuous shear wall, and retrofit a compromised shear wall.
- <u>Building 76</u>: Reduce high seismic demand capacity ratios in concrete columns, reduce roof diaphragm flexibility and rehabilitates inadequate roof diaphragm connections.



Source U.S. Geologic Survey



Summary

- LBNL is one of the oldest DOE Labs with a rich history of team science and multi-disciplinary research
- Broad contributions to SC's and DOE's missions

- Well positioned to support SC and DOE strategic plans
- Space constraints and aging facilities are significant challenges for the future of the institution



Draft RFP Highlights



Evaluation Criteria

Relevant Experience (150 points)

- National and international recognition/accomplishments (75 points)
 - Relevance, leadership, impact and innovation in Science & Technology
- Relevant experience and success in operations and business management of R&D institutions, projects, or programs in excess of \$50 Million (75 points)

Scientific Strategy for LBNL (75 points)

- Comprehensiveness, innovativeness, and feasibility of strategy to optimize scientific results
- Comprehensiveness and feasibility to focus the research portfolio and science strategy in a constrained budget

Management Approach (325 points)

- Strategy to attract, develop, and retain world-class scientific personnel, and develop and educate next generation of scientists and engineers (75 points)
- Strategy to leverage research competencies and facilitate moving scientific & technological advances to the private sector (50 points)
- Strategy to maximize scientific impacts from User Facilities (50 points)
- Strategy for achieving excellence in operations and business management (100 points)
- Organizational elements and staff organized effectively and efficiently (50 points)



Key Personnel (300 points)

- Laboratory Director (125 points)
- Other Key Personnel (175 points)
- Credentials, technical and leadership capabilities, relevant experience (currently, depth, past performance), effective communication, work together, length of commitment

Transition (50 points)

Feasibility, comprehensiveness, efficiency, and effectiveness

Past Performance (50 points)

- Recent relevant contract during last 5 years
- Relevant contract >\$50 Million average annual R&D revenue/cost

Offeror's Involvement/Commitment (50 points)

- Comprehensiveness and feasibility of strategy for corporate oversight
- Credibility and expected benefit of proposed contribution



Cost

Cost proposals will be evaluated with respect to reasonableness and realism. The evaluation will include consideration of the cost to the Government of doing business with each Offeror during the transition period. Proposed fee will be assessed to ascertain impact on the cost of doing business with the Offeror.



• The Capabilities and Approach Criteria combined are significantly more important than the Cost Criteria



CAPABILITIES and APPROACH PROPOSAL			
1.	Relevant Experience a. National and international recognition/accomplishments b. Relevant experience and success in operations and business management	75 75	150
2.	Scientific strategy for LBNL		75
3.	Management Approach a. Strategy to attract, develop, and retain world-class scientific personnel and to develop and educate the next generation of scientists and engineers.	75	325
	b. Strategy to leverage research competencies and facilitate moving scientific and technological advances to the private sector.	50	
	c. Strategy to maximize scientific impacts from User Facilities.	50	
	d. Strategy for achieving excellence in the operations and business management of LBNL.	100	
	e. Organizational elements and staff are organized effectively and efficiently.	50	
4.	Key Personnel a. Laboratory Director b. Other Key Personnel	125 175	300
5.	Transition		50
6.	Past Performance		50
7.	Offeror's Involvement/Commitment		50
Total Available Points			,000



Contract Type

 Cost-Reimbursement Performance-Based Management and Operating Contract

- 2 Month Transition (Clauses F.1(b) and H.42)

- 5 Year Term (Clause F.1)

- Award Term (Clause F.2)



Award Term

• Clause F.2

- Contractor may earn up to an additional 15 years of term based on performance
- Eligibility Requirements
 - Initial period rating of at least "Satisfactory" for performance during FY05 and achieve average annual rating of "Outstanding" for FY06 and FY07
 - Achieve average annual rating of "Outstanding" for subsequent years
- Award Term Determination Official (SC-3) unilaterally determines if Contractor meets eligibility requirements and achieved other standards, requirements, etc. for earning award term



Award Term (cont.)

- Standards requirements will be unilaterally set by DOE and contained in Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan or equivalent document
- If Contractor earns initial award term, contract will be extended for 3 years
- Subsequent award term determinations will be on an annual basis and, if earned, contract will be extended one year
- If Contractor fails to earn first time or 3 times subsequently,
 Contractor ineligible to earn any additional award term
- Contractor may forfeit up to 3 years of previously earned award term if:
 - Significant failure of management controls as defined in Clause I.76, Management Controls
 - First degree performance failure as defined in Clause I.83, Conditional Payment of Fee, Profit, or Incentives



Performance Fees

- Total Maximum Performance Fee for Initial Term is \$34 Million (Provision L.9(C))
 - \$3.4 Million maximum FY05 & FY10
 - \$6.8 Million maximum FY06-FY09
 - Offerors propose annual earnable performance fee
- Total maximum Performance Fee for 1st 5 years of additional Award Term is \$34 Million
 - Offerors propose maximum annual earnable performance fee



Transition Period

- Clause H.42 (c)
 - Cost Reimbursement
 - No Fee
 - Offeror's Proposed Transition Cost Becomes
 Maximum Liability of Government



Human Resource Requirements

- Clause H.21, H.42, and L.38
 - Accept Career/Term workforce, with exception of management team
 - Separate, IRC/ERISA compliant, pension plan
 - Credit accrued benefits/vesting/service/leave balances of transferring workforce
 - Total compensation package comparable to that provided by incumbent
 - Salaries, with no reduction to base pay,
 - health/welfare benefits,
 - pensions (UCRP, defined contribution plans, Public Employees Retirement System if applicable)
 - Employment terms/conditions consistent with those under current collective bargaining agreements until transition to new CBA's.



Transition Activities

- Clause H.42
 - Scientific Research
 - Management Systems
 - -Assignment of Existing Agreement
 - Joint Reconciliation Property Inventory
 - Litigation Management



Transition Activities (cont.)

Human Resources

- Workforce plan for retention and/or recruitment of critical skills
 - Utilization of "Joint Appointees" faculty appointments
 - Develop appropriate recruitment/retention/incentive compensation programs
 - Document terms/conditions of bargaining unit workforce
 - Strategy for meeting Clause H.21(f) requirements
 - Provide framework for the pension/health/welfare benefits for transferring workforce
 - » Assessment of benefit value relative to UC's
 - » Investment strategy for management of transferred assets.



Other RFP Features

- Electronic Proposals Provisions L.50-55
 - Offerors can submit electronically through IIPS if they so desire
- Award without discussions
- Oral presentations vs. written proposals
 - Will be utilized primarily to assess capabilities of Key Personnel
 - Problem related to Science Strategy for LBNL will be utilized (Evaluation Criterion 2)



Other RFP Features (cont.)

- Performance Evaluation & Measurement Plan (PEMP)
 - PEMP in RFP is a draft Appendix B which contains the actual FY04 Objectives, Criteria, and Measures for LBNL (Appendix B, Section J, Attachment J.2)
 - PEMP is for information purposes only
 - Final RFP will include an Appendix which contains PEMP for initial contract evaluation period



Other RFP Features (cont.)

- Small Business Plan (Provision L.12 and Section J, Attachment J.8)
 - Requires 50% of all planned subcontracting to be awarded to small business
 - Areas identified for direct federal contracts that are currently obtained by LBNL through subcontracts
 - Independent Audit Services
 - Infrastructure computer supplies and equipment
 - Copier services



Comment Period

• Additional comments/questions, submit thru IIPS http://e-center.doe.gov

Comment Period Ends November 15